## ATB Auto-Tooth Bone Graft System

#### ´ATB <u>Fac</u>ility System

This is an advanced system for processing patient's teeth into "Auto-Tooth Bone" particulates or block graft material by having the extracted tooth processed in an off-site facility.

#### ATB Chairside System

BonMaker is an in-house advanced system for processing patient's tooth into "Auto-Tooth Bone" particulate & block material.



- ATB Facility System

# Safe & reliable dental implant by Auto-Tooth Bone graft material.

Successful long term dental implant therapy requires bone graft material to be remodeled into patient's own bone that can withstand the forces of mastication.

#### 100% consent for extraction, 100% consent for implants

For many patients, prospects of extracting teeth are often roadblocks to having implants done. However, patients are much more willing to have necessary teeth extracted and have implant surgery as they learn about Auto-Tooth Bone grafting.

#### Why is auto tooth bone graft material preferred?

#### ▶ ATB is a safe bone graft material.

It is the safest bone graft material as it uses patient's own tooth - a part of his/her own body tissue which will turn into biologically superior functional bone.

#### > A bone graft material that truly remodels into patient's own bone

Hydroxyapatites from artificial bone source (xenograft/synthetic) do not undergo bone remodeling process. However, Auto-Tooth Bone graft material undergoes genuine bone remodeling process to become superior implant supporting bone as the hydroxylapatites ( $\beta$  -TCP) and other organic/inorganic materials are accepted as patient's own (superior biocompatibility to patient as the genetic sources are the same).

Successful long term dental implant therapy requires bone graft material to be remodeled into patient's own bone that can withstand the forces of mastication.

#### Cost-effective bone graft material

ATB is more economical than any other bone graft material as  $0.5 \sim 0.7$ cc of graft material is produced from a typical premolar and  $0.6 \sim 1.0$ cc of graft material is produced from a molar.

#### > ATB is the most similar bone graft material to alveolar bone in histological analysis.

	Inorganic	Organic	Crystal	Remodeling
Components of tooth	65% (β-TCP)	35% (collagen)	H•A (β-TCP) 3Ca3(po4)2Ca(oh)2	+ + +
Components of alveolar bone	61%	32%	Η•Α	+ + +
Components of Auto-Tooth bone	55%	45%	$H \cdot A (\beta - TCP)$	+ + +
Other companies' xenograft & synthetic graft	99%	0	Apatite	±

\* ATB is not just another graft material. ATB bone graft material genuinely remodels into patient's own bone that can withstand the forces of mastication.

#### ATB - Powder



- Osteoconductive bone graft material with superior biocompatibility
- Osteoinductive bone graft material with superior and rapid bone remodeling effect.
- Type 1 collagen identical to alveolar bone
- Inorganic components contained are identical to alveolar bone (H.A, ACP, OCP, TCP)

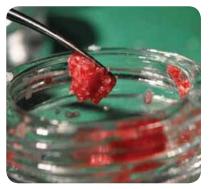


patient's blood.

### Example of hydration with patient's blood



Hydration of ATB particulate material, using patient's blood from extraction or surgical site.



No additional bone carrier instrument is needed due to excellent handling characteristic

#### ATB - Block



- Excellent handling characteristic with slightly compressive and flexible block after hydration.
- No bone screw or membrane needed for fixation
- Highly biocompatible bone graft material with a natural source of h–BMP
- Bone graft material for vertical/horizontal augmentation

### ATB–Block and alveolar bone have similar structure.

- Cortical Bone Graft Material : When used as graft material, maintains volume for long period, but results in slow remodeling..
- Cancellous Bone Graft Material : When used as graft material, promotes fast osteoconduction and osteoinduction, but can fail to maintain bone volume/density.



Cancellous layer

Cortical layer





Returns to original tooth color after complete hydration.

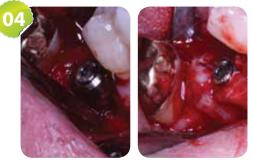
- The side with greater number of smaller tubules is cancellous side.
  - This side should face inside/away from mucosa/ towards underlying bone when positioned
- The side with larger tubules is the cortical side.
  This side should face outside/towards mucosa/away from underlying bone when positioned



ATB design completed



Using a  $\frac{1}{4}$  round bur, reduce the size of the ATB -Block to appropriate dimensions.



- Place the appropriately sized ATB block into its place.
- Using its flexible and compressive characteristic, the ATB-Block graft can often be secured into its place.

### -Clinical Case(1)



After tooth extraction



Immediately after ATB-Powder placement



9 months postoperative CT



13 months postoperative CT

### Clinical Case 2



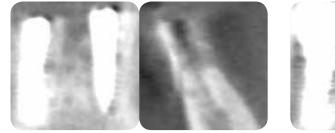
After tooth extraction



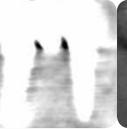
Implant placement



ATB-Block placement



Immediately postoperative CT





9 months postoperative CT

### Clinical Case③



Before tooth extraction



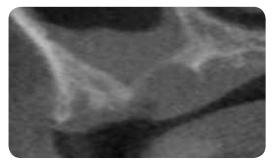
After tooth extraction



Implant placement



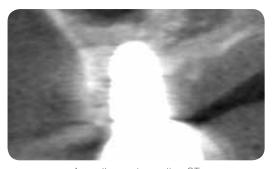
Immediately after ATB-Block placement



After tooth extraction



Immediately after ATB-block graft placement

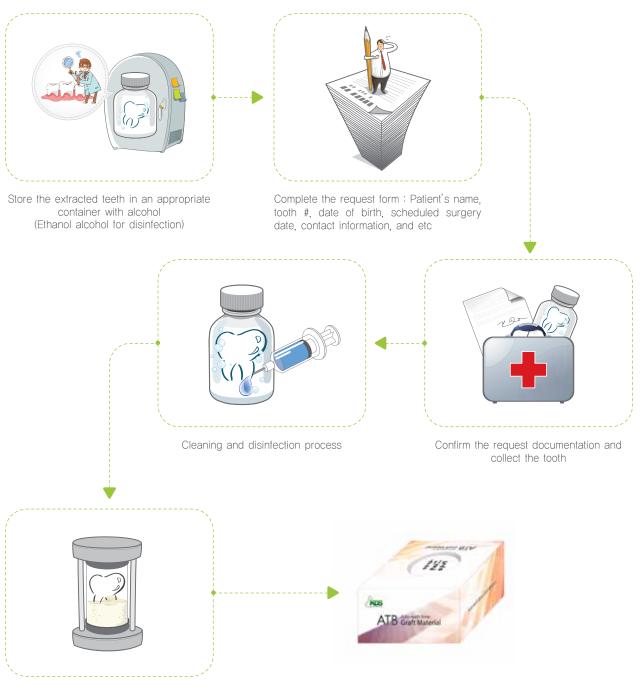


4 months postoperative CT



10 months postoperative CT

### ATB Facility System



Process the tooth into ATB graft materials



- ATB Chairside System

Making Superior Bone Graft Material from patient's own extracted tooth and utilizing it while placing implants – all in a single visit.



ATB Powder 19 Minutes 50 Seconds ATB Block 35 Minutes 50 Seconds





#### 🖶 ATB Graft Materials Process



Patient's own Extracted tooth



Removing foreign materials





Immediate bone grafting



Request for long term storage



ATB-Powder process completed



ATB-Block process completed



Automation Process / ATB Graft Material

When GBR is indicated immediately, only 19minutes 50seconds(ATB-Powder, ATB-Block →35minutes 50seconds) is needed for the necessary ATB graft material preparation.

### -Clinical Case④



① Before tooth extraction



④ After placing Implant



2 40days after tooth extraction



⑤ ATB-Powder & Block graft materials



3 Placing Implant



6 Placement ATB graft materials



⑦ Immediately after placing ATB graft materials



(9) 4months postoperative

⑧ 6weeks postoperative

10 16months postoperative



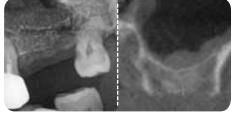
1 20months postoperative

### -Clinical Case (5)

- Implant placement with GBR using patient's previously extracted teeth which were in cold storage.



1) Before tooth extraction



2 2months after tooth extraction



③ Cold storage of extracted tooth



④ ATB-particulate material processing



⑤ Immediately after bone grafting



6 2 months after grafting





### Clinical Case



① Before tooth extraction



2 After tooth extraction



3 Before Placing Implant - 10mm Defect



materials



(5) Implant placement



(9) 1month after placing ATB graft materials



© ATB graft materials placement ⑦ Immediately after placing ATB ⑧ Immediately postoperative CT



10 40 days postopertive after temporary prosthesis delivery

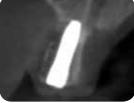


graft materials



1 80 days postoperative CT

④ ATB-Powder & Block graft





180 days postoperative CT



Dental clinic center commonly faces GBR cases and considers long-term survival and success of dental implant.

#### 🔩 ATB Chairside System

- BonMaker is an advanced system for processing patient's own tooth into "Auto-Tooth Bone" particulate graft material for GBR procedures.
- BonReagent-P is exclusively used for processing Auto-Tooth Bone particulate material, which have excellent osteoinductive and osteoconductive properties, in this BonMaker System.



Reagent processes patient's own extracted tooth into "Auto-Tooth Bone" particulate material which provides excellent osteoinductive and osteoconductive properties.

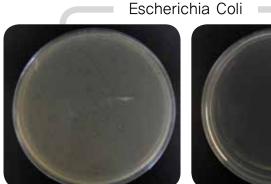
Reagent processes patient's own extracted tooth into "Auto-Tooth Bone" Block material which provides excellent osteoinductive and osteoconductive properties.



What? Turning patient's extracted teeth into safe and reliable Auto-teeth Bone graft material without utilizing artificial materials, materials from animals or from a deceased person.

#### More secure

- Safe and cost-effective in-house automated bone grafting material producing system.
- Automated processing system minimizes contamination possibilities.



Before BonMaker processing



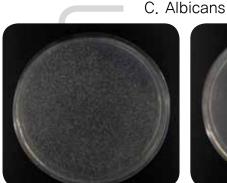
After BonMaker processing

Geobacillus



Before BonMaker processing

After BonMaker processing



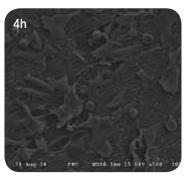
Before BonMaker processing

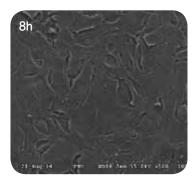


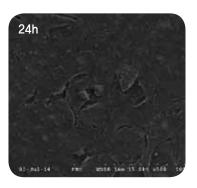
After BonMaker processing



#### Cell Adhesiion







Cell adhesion test results show that ATB graft material has excellent biocompatibility. Prof. Gyoo Cheon Kim, Ph. D.

# How? A single automated processing cycle yields the necessary ATB graft material



- State of the art design and manufacturing assures sterility of the graft material
- Thousands of reagent reactions per minute
- The kit is design to be sterilized prior to each use.





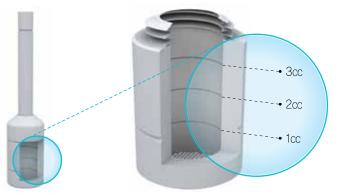
\* State of the art design and manufacturing for cost-effective & safe ATB graft material.



A single processing cycle can yield up to 3cc of Auto-teeth Bone A single processing cycle can yield a graft material - Cost-effective capacity Designed and manufactured to process 2~3 molars or 3~4 propolar at same time.

#### Bonbin

- Maximum capacity 3cc
- Processed ATB graft materials ready for use are free of unreacted reagents or unprocessed materials.





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• The product and technology are protected by patent law (10-1175051 / 10-1299395 / 10-1326609.)

- Any modifactions, additions, adaptations, and re-arrangements are not allowed.
- The device is non-medical appliance.

MADE IN KOREA